Kansas State Music Standards: Next Step - Curriculum Revision



KMEA In-Service Workshop

Thursday, February 23 2:00 pm

Friday, February 24 11:00 am (repeat session)

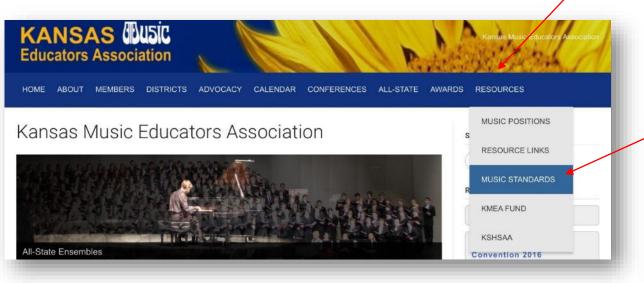




Presented by: Martha GabelFine Arts Coordinator, Olathe Public Schools

KMEA President

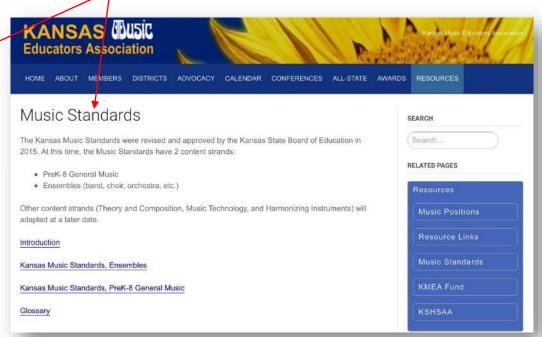
Where Can I Find the Standards and Resources for Support?



KMEA Website ksmea.org



Music Standards



Resources

Session Goals

- 1. National Music Standards
 - Overview
 - Comparison to 1994 Standards
- 2. Kansas State Music Standards
 - Overview
 - Navigating the Document
 - Vocabulary
- 3. Using the Standards in your classroom
- 4. Using the Standards to Create District/Course Curriculum



The National Standards for Music Education

- 1. Singing, alone and with others, a varied repertoire of music.
- 2. Performing on instruments, alone and with others, a varied repertoire of music.
- 3. Improvising melodies, variations, and accompaniments.
- 4. Composing and arranging music within specified guidelines.
- 5. Reading and notating music.
- 6. Listening to, analyzing, and describing music.
- 7. Evaluating music and music performances.
- 8. Understanding relationships between music, the other arts, and disciplines outside the arts.
- 9. Understanding music in relation to history and culture

1994 9 Content Standards

2014 **3 Artistic Processes**

Creating	Performing	Responding	
Imagine	Select	Select	
Plan & Make	Analyze	Analyze	
Evaluate & Refine	Interpret	Interpret	
Present	Rehearse, Evaluate, Refine	Evaluate	
-A 2017 STANDARDS CLINIC - GABEL	Present	4	

National Music Standards

Comparing 1994 to 2014

1994	2014	
Skills & Knowledge	Understanding, Independence, Music Literacy	
9 Content Standards	3 Artistic Processes (Process Components, EU's & EQ's)	
One set to cover all course types	Customized into 5 strands	
K-8: 2 grade clusters (K-4 and 5-8)	PreK – 8 General Music (Individual grade levels)	
High School – 2 Skill Levels (Proficient and Advanced)	Other Strands – 5 Skill Levels (Ensembles, Guitar/Keyboard, Theory/Composition, Music Technology)	
Assessments – separate publications	Model Cornerstone Assessments	
Hard Copy	Online	

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Remember...



Standards are <u>not</u> curriculum

State Standards provide school districts with a larger conceptual **framework** that can then be used to develop specific district curriculum that will meet the needs of the students in that school district.

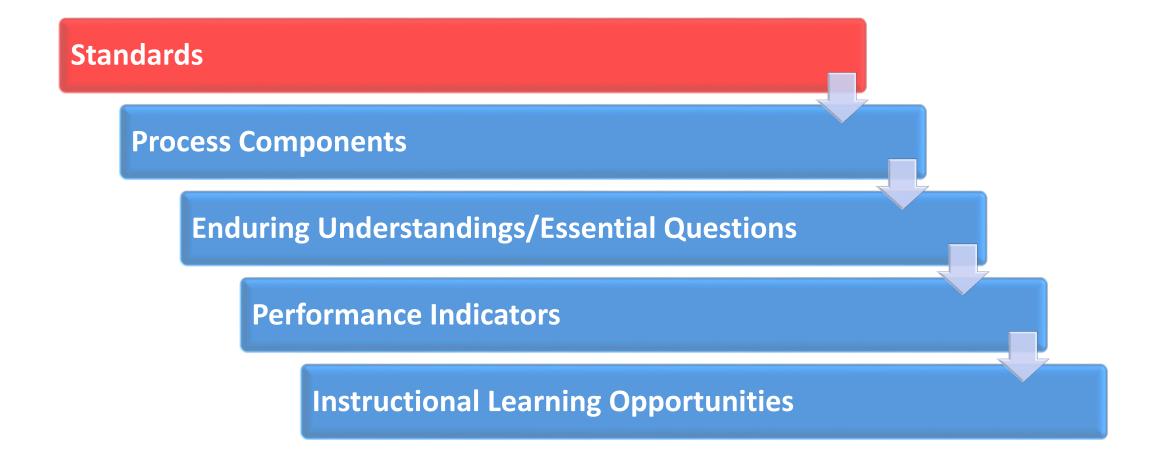
2 Content Strands

PreK-8 General Music – organized by grade level.

Ensembles (Band, Choir, Orchestra, etc.) – organized by skill level (Novice, Intermediate, Proficient, Accomplished, and Advanced).



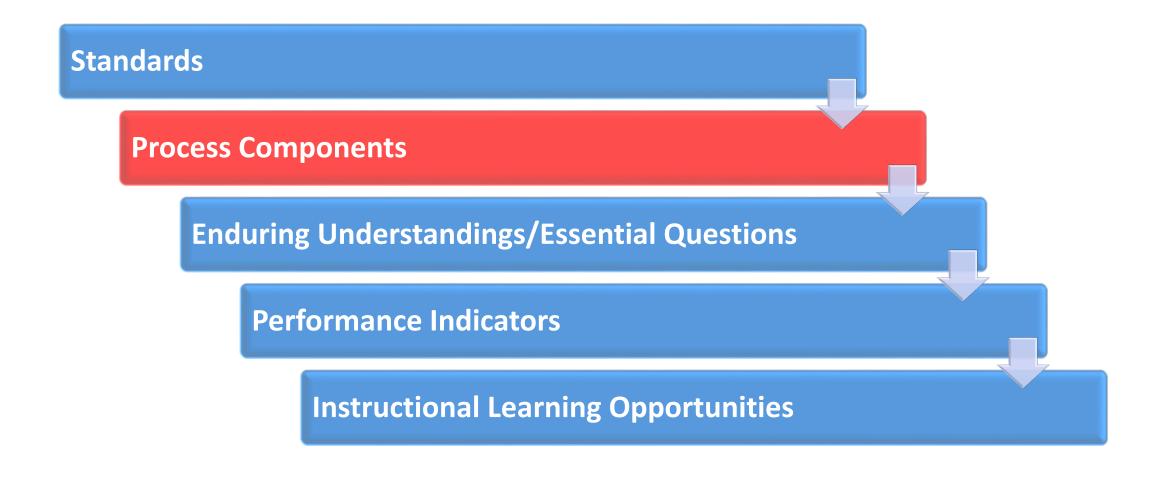




Standard 1: Creating – Conceiving and developing new artistic ideas and work.

Standard 2: Performing – Realizing artistic ideas and work through interpretation and presentation.

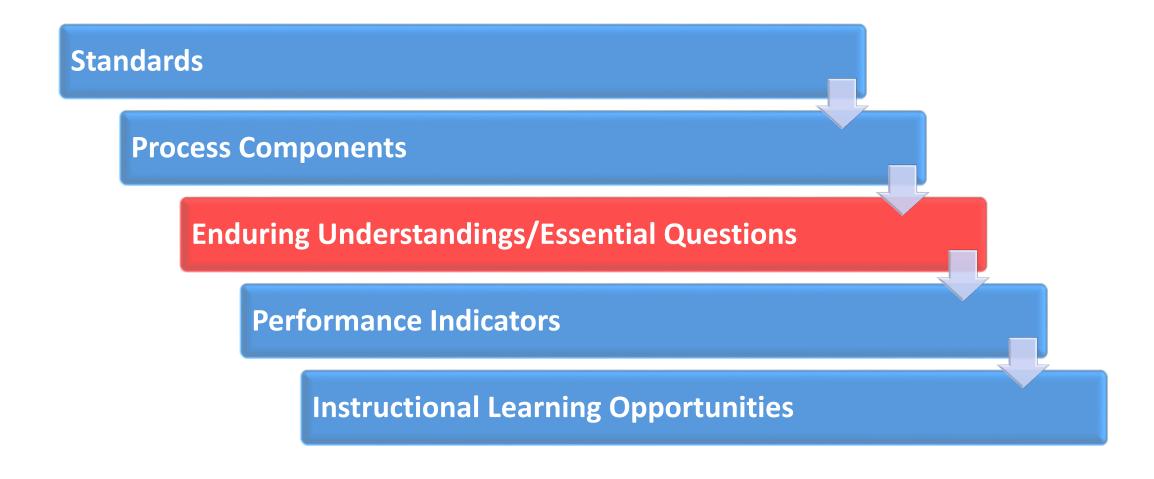
Standard 3: Responding – Understanding and evaluating how the arts convey meaning.



Process Components

Each of the standards are divided up into *Process Components*

These outline the *process* that musicians follow when they create, perform, and respond.



Enduring Understandings & Essential Questions

The **Enduring Understandings** and **Essential Questions** are listed for each Process Component just to provide some additional information and an *overall direction* – this is the *Big Picture*...

Enduring Understandings

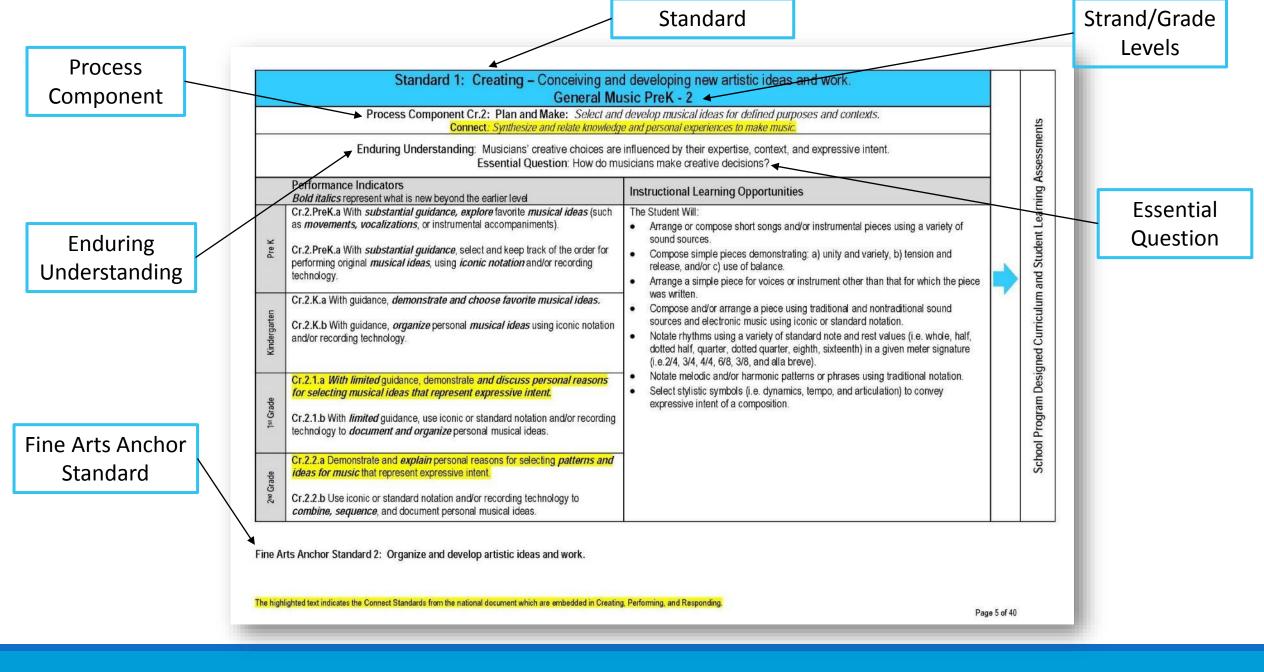
Statements summarizing important ideas and core processes that are central to a discipline and have lasting value beyond the classroom

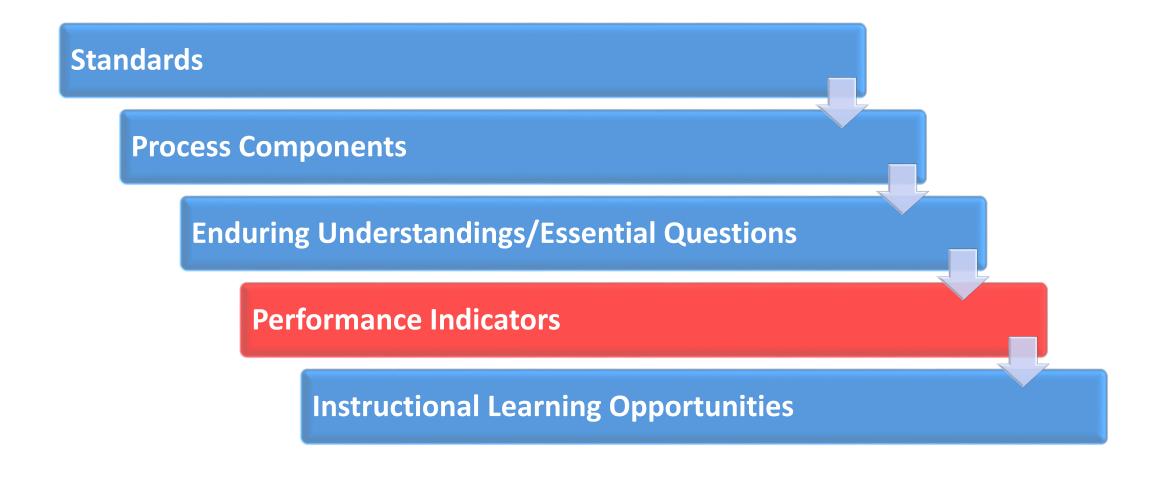
They synthesize what students should come to understand as a result of studying a particular content area.

Essential Questions

Complex questions – no easy answers

Aim to stimulate thought, provoke inquiry, and spark more questions





Performance Indicators

PreK-8 General Music

Performance Indicators are listed by grade level

Grade levels are chunked together in the document

- **PreK 2**nd
- 3rd 5th
- 6th 8th





Ensembles

Performance Indicators are listed by skill level

- Novice Beginning or an equivalent to 2 years of study in an ensemble in addition to general music.
- Intermediate Middle level or an equivalent to 4
 years of study in an ensemble in addition to general
 music.
- Proficient Five or more years of study in addition to general music.
- Accomplished Proficiency exceeding average performance proficiency for high school study.
- Advanced Preparing for collegiate study in music.

Fine Arts Anchor Standard 4: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation

Performance

Grade Level

Indicators for each

The highlighted text indicates the Connect Standards from the national document which are embedded in Creating, Performing, and Responding.

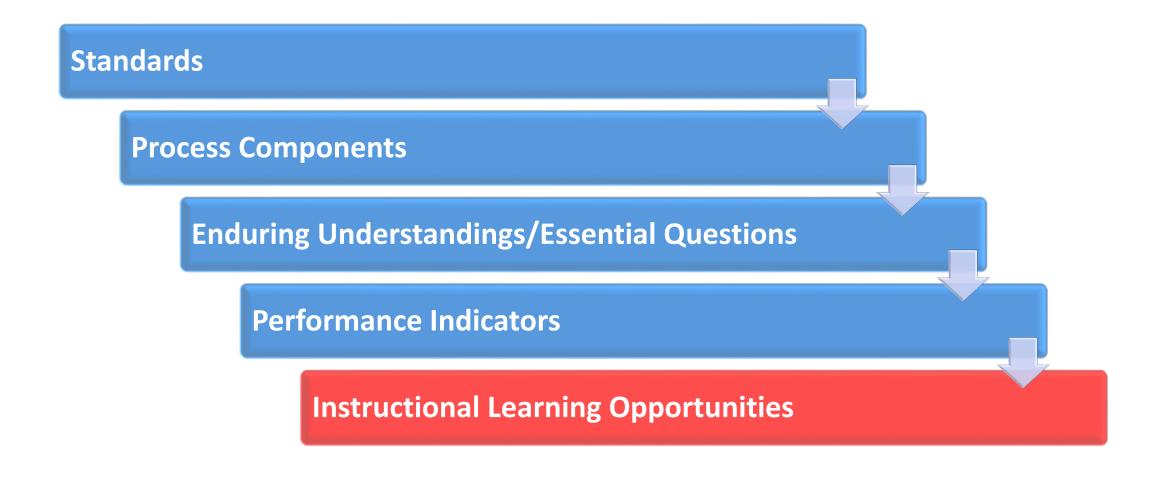
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Standard 2: Performing - Realizing artistic ideas and work through interpretation and presentation. **Ensembles** Process Component Pr.2: Analyze - Analyze the structure and context of varied musical works and their implications for performance. Enduring Understanding: Analyzing creators' context and how they manipulate elements of music provides insight into their intent and informs performance. Essential Question: How does understanding the structure and context of musical works inform performance? Performance Indicators -Instructional Learning Opportunities Bold italics represent what is new beyond the earlier level -Beginning or an equivalent to 2 years of study in an ensemble in The Student Will Novice • Identify and explain the stylistic features of a given musical work and its relationship addition to general music. Intermediate ----Middle level or an equivalent to 4 years of study in an ensemble in to historical and cultural content. Identify and describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two or more addition to general music. cultural traditions, identifies the cultural source of each influence, and traces the ···Five or more years of study in addition to general music. Proficient Accomplished --- Proficiency exceeding average performance proficiency for high historical conditions that produced the synthesis of influences. school study. Based on prior knowledge, analyzes the stylistic features of a given musical work. Preparing for collegiate study in music. Advanced Research the historical and/or cultural content of the musical work. Pr.2.N Demonstrate, using music reading skills where appropriate, how knowledge of Demonstrate the ability to read (sight-read) accurately and expressively through formal aspects in musical works inform prepared or improvised performances. performance and by describe how the elements of music are used. Identify and explain compositional devices and techniques used to provide unity and Pr.2.1 Demonstrate, using music reading skills where appropriate, how the setting and variety and tension and release in a musical work and gives examples of other works formal characteristics of musical works contribute to understanding the context of the that make similar uses of these devices and techniques. music in prepared or improvised performances. Demonstrate extensive knowledge of vocabulary unique to appropriate literature. Performance Interpret nonstandard notation symbols used by some 20th and 21st century Pr.2.P Demonstrate, using music reading skills where appropriate, how compositional composers. Indicators for each devices employed and theoretical and structural aspects of musical works impact and inform prepared or improvised performances. Skill Level Pr.2.Ac Document and demonstrate, using music reading skills where appropriate, how compositional devices employed and theoretical and structural aspects of musical works may impact and inform prepared and improvised performances. Pr.2.Ad Examine, evaluate, and critique, using music reading skills where appropriate. how the structure and context impact and inform prepared and improvised performances.

Fine Arts Anchor 4: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation.

The highlighted text indicates the Connect Standards from the national document which are embedded in Creating, Performing, and Responding.

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Instructional Learning Opportunities

Specific to the *skills* and *knowledge* that are included in music instruction.

Designed to help teachers *develop* district *curriculum*

Sequential

Provide a "bridge" between the previous music standards and the new music standards

Many of these were drawn directly from the **2005 Kansas Music Standards** as well as the **Kansas Music Curriculum Framework**.

Standard 3: Responding - Understanding and evaluating how the arts convey meaning. General Music PreK - 2 Assessments Process Component Re.3: Interpret: Support interpretations of musical works that reflect creators'/performers' expressive intent. Enduring Understanding: Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers provide clues to their expressive intent. Essential Question: How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent? Performance Indicators ning Instructional Learning Opportunities Bold italics represent what is new beyond the earlier level Re.3.PreK With substantial guidance, explore music's expressive qualities (such as The Student Will: ea. Identify expressive qualities found in selected musical works. dynamics and tempo). Designed Curriculum and Student Identify specific music concepts as they appear in selected music. Explain how expressive qualities found in selected musical works can be used to convey the composer's intent. Describe how music concepts are used within musical works for various Re.3.K With guidance, demonstrate awareness of expressive qualities (such as purposes. dynamics and tempo) that reflect creators'/performers' expressive intent. Re.3.1 With limited guidance, demonstrate and identify expressive qualities (such as dynamics and tempo) that reflect creators'/performers' expressive intent. 1st Grade School Program Re.3.2 Demonstrate knowledge of music concepts and how they support creators'/performers' expressive intent. Grade

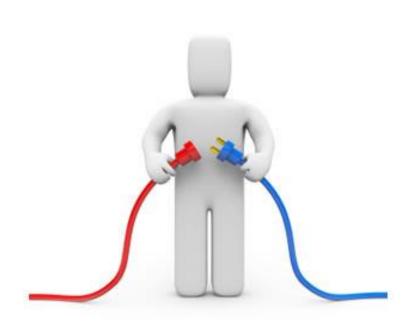
Instructional Learning Opportunities

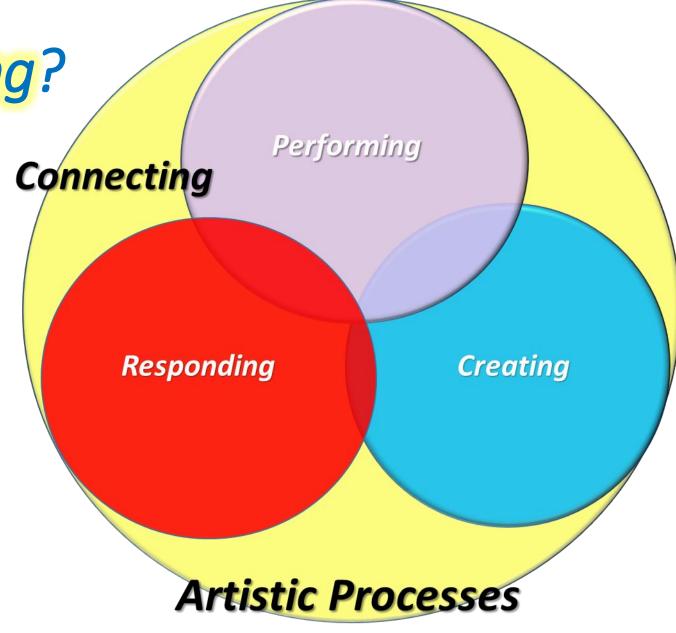
Fine Arts Anchor Standard 8: Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work.

The highlighted text indicates the Connect Standards from the national document which are embedded in Creating, Performing, and Responding.

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What About Connecting?





Standard 1: Creating – Conceiving and developing new artistic ideas and work. Ensembles

Process Component Cr.1: Imagine - Generate musical ideas for various purposes and contexts.

Connect: Relate musical ideas and works with varied context to deepen understanding.

Enduring Understanding: The creative ideas, concepts, and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources.

Essential Question: How do musicians generate creative ideas?

Performance Indicators -Bold italics represent what is new beyond the earlier level Beginning or an equivalent to 2 years of study in an ensemble in Novice addition to general music. IntermediateMiddle level or an equivalent to 4 years of study in an ensemble in addition to general music. Five or more years of study in addition to general music. Proficient Accomplished --- Proficiency exceeding average performance proficiency for high school study. Preparing for collegiate study in music. Advanced ··· Cr.1.N Compose and improvise melodic and rhythmic ideas or motives that reflect characteristic(s) of music or text(s) studied in rehearsal. Cr.1.I Compose and improvise ideas for melodies and rhythmic passages based on characteristic(s) of music or text(s) studied in rehearsal. Cr.1.P Compose and improvise ideas for melodies, rhythmic passages, and arrangements for specific purposes that reflect characteristic(s) of music from a variety of historical periods studied in rehearsal. Cr.1.Ac Compose and improvise ideas for arrangements, sections, and short compositions for specific purposes that reflect characteristic(s) of music from a variety of cultures studied in rehearsal. Cr.1.Ad Compose and improvise musical ideas for a variety of purposes and contexts.

Instructional Learning Opportunities

The Student Will:

- Experiment with a variety of instruments, vocal genres, and other sound sources.
- Improvise simple rhythmic and melodic variations on a given melody using pentatonic, major and minor keys.
- Improvise original melodies over given chord progressions each in a consistent style, meter, and tonality.
- Play by ear simple melodies on a melodic instrument and simple accompaniments on a harmonic instrument.

Fine Arts Anchor 1: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work.

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School Program Designed Curriculum and Student Learning Assessments

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Help Our Student Develop

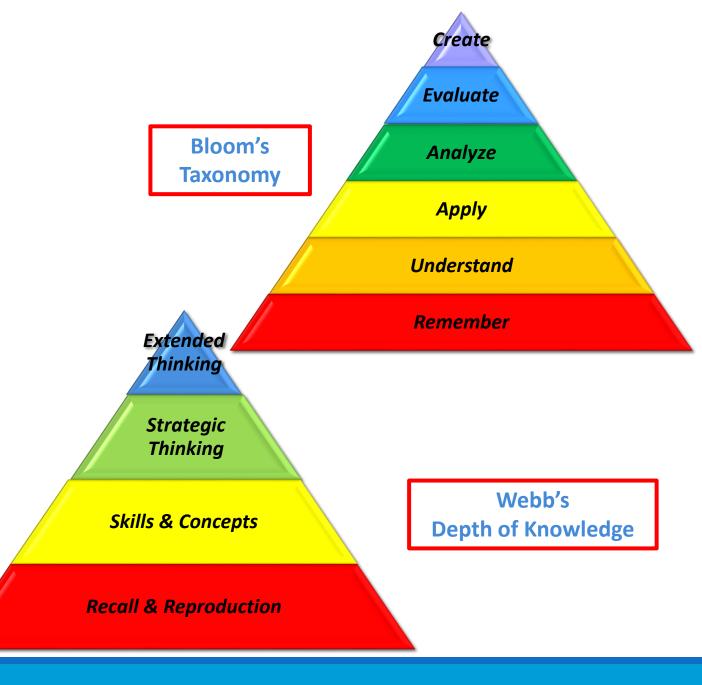
- → Deeper Understanding of Content
- → Independence
- → Musical Literacy



Compare...

Kansas State Music Standards

Creating	Performing	Responding
Imagine	Select	Select
Plan & Make	Analyze	Analyze
Evaluate & Refine	Interpret	Interpret
Present	Rehearse, Evaluate, Refine	Evaluate
	Present	



How Do the Standards Fit into YOUR Classroom?

Standards Quiz

1. Which of the "old" 9 standards would you most associate with Creating?

Answer: 3 – Improvisation, 4 – Composition, 5 – Reading/Notating (some)

- 2. Which would you most associate with Performing?

 Answer: 1 Singing, 2 Playing on Instruments, 5 Reading/Notating (some)
- 3. Which would you most associate with Responding?

 Answer: 6 Analyzing, 7 Evaluating, 5 Reading/Notating (some)
- 4. Which would you most associate with Connecting?

 Answer: 8 Relating to other content, 9 History & Culture



How Do the Standards Fit into YOUR Classroom?

Authentic

- How musicians make music and interact with music
- How teachers really teach music
- How students really learn music

Artistic Processes & Process Components

Creating	Performing	Responding	
Imagine	Select	Select	
Plan & Make	Analyze	Analyze	
Evaluate & Refine	Interpret	Interpret	
Present	Rehearse, Evaluate, Refine	Evaluate	
	Present		

How Do the Standards Fit into YOUR Classroom?

Artistic Processes & Process Components

Discussion...

- 1. Which process do you currently spend most of your class time?
- 2. Which process do you think you will need to "stretch" the most to include in your instruction?

Creating	Performing	Responding
Imagine	Select	Select
Plan & Make	Analyze	Analyze
Evaluate & Refine	Interpret	Interpret
Present	Rehearse, Evaluate, Refine	Evaluate
	Present	

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Writing Curriculum: Getting Started

Before Writing:

- Review previous curriculum
 - What is working/not working?
 - What is missing/should be removed?
- Review the State Standards
 - Compare to previous curriculum to identify similar content and potential areas for growth
- Scope & sequence program/content
 - Review, discuss, and or develop
 - Elementary Middle School High School (i.e. 5-12 Band, 6-8 Choir, preK-5 General Music)



Scope & Sequence Example

IS Choral Scope and Sequence						
Over-arching Concept	Concert Choir	Intermediate Choir	Advanced Choir			
1. Tone production	1. Round/tall vowels	1. Expanded control of tone production	1. Artistic production of tone across vocal range			
	1. Resonance					
	1. Free & natural					
	1. Healthy use of head voice					
	1. Lifted palate					
	1. Posture & alignment					
	1. Diaphragmatic breathing					
2. Literacy	2. Musical vocabulary	2. Assisted interpretation of choral score	2. Independent interpretion of choral score			
	2. Musical notation	2. Tonal & rhythmic recognition	2. Independent tonal & rhythmic interpretation			
	2. Conducting gestures					
	2. Sight reading					
3. Expression/musicality	3. Dynamics & phrasing	3. Gaining confidence in artistic choices	3. Expressive choices resulting in artistic performance			
	3. Text relevance					
	3. Diction/syllabic stress					
	3. Style/genre					
	3. Tempo					
4. Critical listening	4. Balance & blend	4. Improved aural skills	4. Independently makes appropriate performance adjustments			
	4. Intonation	4. Developing knowledge/skills to make needed adjustments				
	4. Tonal & rhythmic awareness					
	4. Interval awareness					
	4. Tone quality					
	4. Performance critique					
5. Cultural/historical connections	5. Text relevance	5. Study of cultural & historical influences	5. Synthesis of cultural & historical connections in musical performance			
	5. Genre					
	5. Historical perspective					
	5. Language					

Scope & Sequence Example - 1

	5-12 Band Scope and Sequence						
Over- arching Concept	5th Grade Band	6th Grade Band	7th Grade Band	8th Grade Band	Concert Band	Symphonic Band	Wind Ensemble
Tone	Tone Production Embouchure	Tone Production; posture, breath	Tone Production; identify good tone on	Demonstrate a consistent and good	Evaluate / Correct	Evaluate / Correct	Evaluate / Correct
Intonation	Match pitch; Define intonation Know the parts of the instrument that adjust	Match pitch; recognize intonation differences	Match pitch; recognize intonation differences and make common adjustments on instrument	Recognize instrument and ensemble intonation differences; make common adjustments on instrument; demonstrate understanding for alternate fingerings	Tune sustained pitch; identify flat / sharp		Correct Minor Intonation Issues while performing How to adjust based on Temperment
Rhythm	Duple rhythms up to 8ths; 2/4, 3/4 ,4/4 meter	Read and accurately perform rhythms in 2/4, 4/4, 3/4; use appropriate vocalization to demonstrate rhythm and counting	Read and accurately perform rhythms in 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 6/8, 3/8 and cut-time; triple meter; appropriate vocalization to demonstrate given rhythms; correctly notate dictated rhythms	Read and accurately perform rhythms in duple and triple meters; perform subdivision within changing meters; vocalize written rhythmic patterns; correctly notate dictated rhythms	Asymetrical meters		read, count, transpose all rythmic values in all meters
Notes	Names of instrument's clef note names on staff	Correctly Identify notes in both treble and bass clef; Identify correct fingerings, positions, or partials for given note	<< + Enharmonic pitches in relation to chromatic scale	Consistently demonstrate accurate fingerings, positions, and partials on instrument; enharmonic pitches.	Identify all major keysignatures		Read in all clefs
Scales	First 5 notes	Concert Bb and Eb scales	Concert Bb, Eb, F, Ab, C and 1 octave chromatic	Concert Bb, Eb, Ab, F, C, Db, and 2- octave chromatic	2 octave chromatic; district scales	12 major scales	All 12 major in extended ranges; 3 forms of minor

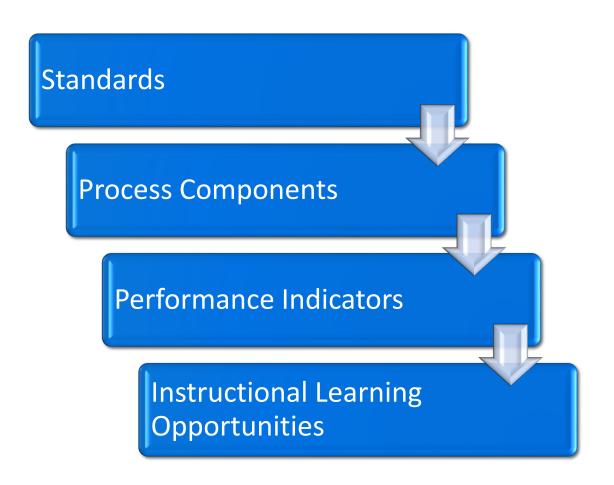
Scope & Sequence Example - 2

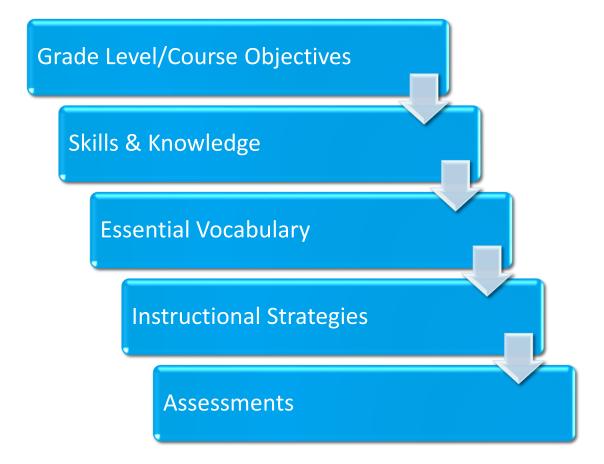
S	PC	Objective / Indicator	Objective / Indicator	Objective / Indicator	Objective / Indicator	Objective / Indicator	Objective / Indicator -
		- Grade 5/6	- Grade 7	- Grade 8	- Concert Band	- Symphonic Band	Wind Ensemble
1	. 1	Compose and improvise	Compose and improvise	Compose and	Compose and improvise	Compose and improvise	Compose and improvise
		melodic and rhythmic	melodic and rhythmic	improvise melodic and	melodic and rhythmic	melodic and rhythmic	melodic and rhythmic
		ideas and motives	ideas and motives	rhythmic ideas and	ideas and motives that	ideas and motives that	ideas and motives that
				motives	reflect characteristics of a	reflect characteristics of a	reflect characteristics of a
					varied repertoire of music	varied repertoire of music	varied repertoire of music
1	. 2	Develop and notate	Develop and notate	Develop and notate	Develop and notate	Develop and notate	Develop and notate
		melodic and rhythmic	melodic and rhythmic	melodic and	melodic and rhythmic ideas	melodic and rhythmic ideas	melodic and rhythmic ideas
		ideas and motives	ideas and motives	rhythmic ideas and	and motives that reflect	and motives that reflect	and motives that reflect
				motives	characteristics of a varied	characteristics of a varied	characteristics of a varied
					repertoire of music	repertoire of music	repertoire of music
1	. 3	Evaluate and refine	Evaluate and refine	Evaluate and refine	Evaluate and refine	Evaluate and refine student's	Evaluate and refine
		student's notated	student's notated	student's notated	student's notated melodic	notated melodic and	student's notated melodic
		melodic and rhythmic	melodic and rhythmic	melodic and rhythmic	and rhythmic ideas and	rhythmic ideas and motives	and rhythmic ideas and
		ideas and motives based	ideas and motives based	ideas and motives	•	based upon teacher-	motives based upon
		upon teacher-provided	upon teacher-provided	based upon teacher-	teacher- provided criteria	provided criteria that reflect	teacher- provided criteria
		criteria	criteria	provided criteria	that reflect characteristics of	characteristics of a varied	that reflect characteristics of
					a varied repertoire of music	repertoire of music	a varied repertoire of music
1	. 4	Share student developed	Share student developed	Share student	Share student developed	Share student developed	Share student developed
		melodic and rhythmic	melodic and rhythmic	developed melodic and	melodic and rhythmic	melodic and rhythmic	melodic and rhythmic
		ideas and motives	ideas and motives	rhythmic ideas and	ideas and motives	ideas and motives	ideas and motives
				motives			
2	2 1	Demonstrate an	Demonstrate an	Identify various criteria	Identify various criteria	Develop and apply various	Develop and apply various
		understanding of the	understanding of the	utilzed to select a	utilzed to select a varied	criteria utilzed to select a	criteria utilzed to select a
		selection process used to	selection process used to	varied repertoire of	repertoire of music for	varied repertoire of music	varied repertoire of music
		choose a varied repertoire		music for personal	1	for personal practice,	for personal practice,
		music for personal		practice, rehearsal, and	rehearsal, and performance	rehearsal, and performance	rehearsal, and performance
		practice, rehearsal, and	practice, rehearsal, and	performance			
		performance	performance				
2	2	Demonstrate through	Demonstrate through	Demonstrate through	Demonstrate and critique,	Demonstrate and critique,	Explain, evaluate, and
		reading and performance,	reading and performance,	reading and	through reading and	through reading and	critique through reading
		an understanding of the	an understanding of the	performance, an	performance, an	performance, an	and performance, the
		written notation and	written notation and	understanding of the	understanding of the	understanding of the	written notation and formal
1		formal elements present	formal elements present	written notation and	written notation and formal	written notation and formal	elements present in varied
		in varied repertoire of	in varied repertoire of	formal elements present	elements present in varied	elements present in varied	repertoire of music
1		music	music	in varied repertoire of	repertoire of music	repertoire of music	
1				music			

Kansas State Music Standards



District Curriculum





Writing Curriculum: Selecting a Template

Things to Consider:

- District requirements or expectations
- "Personalize" to allow for unique Music Standards
- Who are the intended users?
 - Teachers, administrators, BOE members, parents, students, community, etc..
- Begin with broad statements/ideas then pare down to specifics
- Work for balance enough information but not too much



Detailed Template

Standard 1: Creating – Conceiving and developing new artistic ideas and work.						
Process Component 1: Imagine- Generate musical ideas for various purposes and contexts.						
Enduring Understanding: The creative ideas, concepts, and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources. Essential Question: How do musicians generate creative ideas?						
Blooms: Cross-Curricular Connections:						
Student Learning Outcomes	Essential Skills & Knowledge	Teaching	Strategies	Assessment	Resources	

Moderate Template

Process Component 4: Evaluate – Support evaluations of musical works and performances based on analysis, interpretation, and established criteria. Enduring Understanding: The personal evaluation of musical work(s) and performance (s) is informed by analysis, interpretation, and established criteria. Essential Question: How do we judge the quality of musical work(s) and performance (s)?					
Indicators/Objectives	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Teaching Techniques and Strategies Assessment & Resources			
The Student Will:	The Student Will:	The Teacher Will:			

Simple Template

Process Component 4: Rehearse, Evaluate, and Refine – Evaluate and refine personal and ensemble performances, individually or in collaboration with others.						
	ce over time through openness to new ideas,	Essential Question: How do	musicians improve the quality of their performance?			
Learning Targets	Essential Skills & Knowledge	P	Assessment			



Olathe Template

Standard 2: Performing – Reappresentation.	alizing artistic ideas and work through interpretation and	Process Component 1: Select – Select varied musical works to present based on interest,		
presentation.		knowledge, technical skill, and context.		
Enduring Understanding : Performers' interest in and knowledge of musical work, understanding of their own technical skill, and the context for a performance influence the selection of repertoire		Essential Question: How do performers select repertoire?		
Indicators/Objectives	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Teaching Techniques and Strategies	Assessment & Resources	
The Student Will:	The Student Will: Vocabulary	The Teacher Will:		

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Writing Curriculum: Content Options...

State Standards – Performance Indicators

- Could be used for "Indicators/Objectives"
- Copy directly from Standards or modify as needed
- Remember you are not tied to the skill or grade levels in the Standards. <u>Use these to meet the needs of YOUR students</u>.



Writing Curriculum: Content Options...

State Standards – Instructional Learning Opportunities

- Could be used for "Indicators/Objectives" or "Essential Skills & Knowledge"
- Copy directory from Standards or modify as needed

Writing Curriculum: Content Options...

Other Sources

- Statements from previous curriculum
- Create own statements
- Combinations

Remember...

State Standards provide school districts with a larger conceptual framework that can then be used to develop specific district curriculum that will meet the needs of the students in that school district.

Standard 1: Creating – Conceiving and developing new artistic ideas and work.

Process Component 1: Imagine- Generate musical ideas for various purposes and contexts.

Enduring Understanding: The creative ideas, concepts, and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources.

Essential Question: How do musicians generate creative ideas?

Curriculum Example

Creating General Music 3rd Grade

instrument/vocal technique; s, rhythms, note durations) time with accurate duration of note alse ick to self and others to improve ic or melodic response to a musical **Cross-Curricular Connections: (KCCRS)**

W.3.3b-Use dialogue and descriptions of actions, thoughts, and feelings to develop experiences and events or show the response of characters to situations (rhythmic question and answer)

SL.3.1-Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 3 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly (rhythmic question and answer)

question or pattern; compose music following guidelines for melody, rhythm and form

Student Learning Outcomes	Essential Skills & Knowledge	Teaching Strategies	Assessment	Resources
Cr.1.3.a Improvise rhythmic and melodic ideas, and describe connection to specific purpose and context (such as personal and social). Cr.1.3.b Generate musical ideas (such as rhythms and melodies) within a given tonality and/or meter.	 rhythmic improvisati on melodic improvisati on rhythmic compositi on melodic composition standard music notation 	 brainstorm graphic organizer nonlinguistic mnemonic device project-based learning feedback questions practice summarizing sing play instrument improvise read notate 	 rhythmic improvisation rubric melodic improvisation rubric rhythmic composition rubric melodic composition rubric 	 Spotlight on Music Grade 3 World Music Drummin g The Accidental Drum Circle Sound Ideas Together in Rhythm Outside the Lines Teachercreated projects

Standard 1: Creating – Conceiving and developing new artistic ideas and work. **General Music 3 - 5 Ideas for Essential** Process Component Cr.1: Imagine: Generate musical ideas for various purposes and contexts. Connect: Relate musical ideas and works with varied context to deepen understanding. **Knowledge & Skills** Enduring Understanding: The creative ideas, concepts, and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources Essential Question: How do musicians generate creative ideas? Asse **Performance Indicators** and Student learning **Instructional Learning Opportunities Bold italics** represent what is new beyond the earlier level Cr.1.3.a Improvise rhythmic and melodic ideas, and describe connection to The Student Will: specific purpose and context (such as personal and social). Explore various sound sources to express ideas, feelings, and basic concepts. Improvises own instrumental accompaniments to enhance songs, stories, and/or Cr.1.3.b Generate musical ideas (such as rhythms and melodies) within a given tonality and/or meter. Improvise "answers" in the same style to given rhythmic and melodic "questions". Improvises simple rhythmic/melodic ostinato accompaniments or original rhythmic Curriculum variations or melodic embellishments on a given melody. Cr.1.4.a Improvise rhythmic, melodic, and *harmonic* ideas, and *explain* Improvises an original short song or instrumental piece with a variety of sound connection to specific purpose and context (such as social and *cultural*). sources within specified guidelines. Improvises a simple harmonic accompaniment. School Program Designed Cr.1.4.b Generate musical ideas (such as rhythms, melodies, and simple Improvises simple rhythmic/melodic variations and/or embellishments on a given accompaniment patterns) within related tonalities (such as major and minor) melody using pentatonic or major keys. and meters. Improvises a short melody within a selected style, meter, and tonality over a given rhythmic accompaniment. **Cr.1.5.a** Improvise rhythmic, melodic, and harmonic ideas, and explain Use traditional and non-traditional instruments and materials to create a simple connection to specific purpose and context (such as social, cultural, and rhythmic accompaniment to a poem or story. historical). Cr.1.5.b Generate musical ideas (such as rhythms, melodies, and accompaniment patterns) within specific related tonalities, meters, and simple chord changes.

Fine Arts Anchor Standard 1: Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work.

Student

Learning

Outcomes

Curriculum Examples

Performing Ensemble: Middle School Choral

Standard 2: Performing – Realizing artistic ideas and work through interpretation and presentation. Enduring Understanding: Performers make interpretive decisions based on their understanding of context and expressive intent.		Process Component 3: Interpret – Develop personal interpretations that consider creators' intent. Essential Question: How do performers interpret musical works?		
The Student Will: Identify and demonstrate expressive qualities within a musical performance. Compare and contrast the musical elements and expressive qualities of literature. Demonstrate an understanding of the cultural context of literature.	The Student Will: Mark and perform music as directed Determine mood of the music and appropriate expression for performance Research and analyze the cultural context for use in accurate interpretation of the music Vocabulary Mood	The Teacher Will: Guide students through marking music, identifying and defining expression markings Define musical elements that influence the mood of the music Select texts at a grade appropriate lexile, sensitive to age and gender Provide extended learning materials related to cultural context of selected literature	Warm ups Bell work MAP Scores	

Fine Arts Anchor 4: Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation.

8th Grade Band Curriculum Sample

Curriculum Example

Responding
Ensemble: Middle
School Band

Standard 3: Responding – Understanding and evaluating how the arts convey meaning.		Process Component 3: Interpret – Support interpretations of musical works that reflect creators'/performers' expressive intent.		
	h their use of elements and structures of ovide clues to their expressive intent.	Essential Question : How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent?		
Indicators/Objectives	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Teaching Techniques and Strategies	Assessment & Resources	
The Student Will: Develop interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of a varied repertoire of musical works and performances	The Student Will: Interpret and explain the musical and extramusical elements and enhancements of a musical work or performance	The Teacher Will:		
Standard 3: Responding – Under	Vocabulary standing and evaluating how the arts	Process Component 4: Evaluate – Support eva	luations of musical works and	
convey meaning.		performances based on analysis, interpretatio		
	rsonal evaluation of musical works and sis, interpretations, and established criteria.	Essential Question : How do we judge the qual performances?	ity of musical works and	
Indicators/Objectives	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Teaching Techniques and Strategies	Assessment & Resources	
The Student Will: Develop criteria to evaluate the qualities of selected music and music performances	The Student Will: Critique musical performances citing specific examples of musical strengths and weaknesses Analyze the merits of a selected piece of music citing compositional strengths and weaknesses Vocabulary	The Teacher Will:		

School Program Designed Curriculum and Student Learning Assessments

Standard 3: Responding - Understanding and evaluating how the arts convey meaning **Ensembles**

Process Component Re.3: Interpret - Support interpretations of musical works that reflect creators'/performers' expressive intent.

Enduring Understanding: Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers provide clues to their expressive intent. Essential Question: How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent?

Perform	nance Indicators – Bold italics represent what is new beyond the earlier level	Instructional Learning Opportunities
Novice ————Beginning or an equivalent to 2 years of study in an ensemble in addition to general music. Intermediate ——Middle level or an equivalent to 4 years of study in an ensemble in addition to general music. Proficient ——Five or more years of study in addition to general music. Accomplished ——Proficiency exceeding average performance proficiency for high school study. Advanced ——Preparing for collegiate study in music. Re.3.N Identify interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of musical works, referring to the elements of music, contexts, and (when appropriate) the setting of the text.		The Student Will: Explain and cite examples of how imagination or craftsmanship), and variety or repetition and con in the various arts. List and compare the uses of charand organizational principles amound different cultures. Explain how the roles of creators production and presentation of the one another in the various arts.
Intermediate	Re.3.I Identify and support interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of musical works, citing as evidence the treatment of the elements of music, contexts, and (when appropriate) the setting of the text.	Identify and describe music genre or more cultural sources. Compare and contrast artistic/cre principles of two or more art form
Proficient	Re.3.P <i>Explain</i> and support interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of musical works, citing as evidence the treatment of the elements of music, contexts, (when appropriate) the setting of the text, and <i>personal research</i> .	 Identify, compare, and contrast the and organizational principles of the Explain ways in which the principle disciplines outside the arts interrest
mplished	Re.3.Ac Support interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of musical works citing as evidence the treatment of the elements of music, contexts, (when appropriate) the setting of the text, and <i>varied researched</i> sources.	 Describe, classify, and analyze a representing diverse genres and of music and expressive devices

Re.3.Ad Justify interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of musical works by comparing and synthesizing varied researched sources, including reference to other art

forms.

Indicators/
Objectives
(modified)

- cite examples of how elements, artistic processes (such as or craftsmanship), and organizational principles (such as unity or repetition and contrast) are used in similar and distinctive ways ıs arts.
- npare the uses of characteristic elements, artistic processes, ational principles among the arts in different historical periods cultures.
- the roles of creators, performers, and others involved in the and presentation of the arts are similar to and different from in the various arts.
- describe music genres or styles that show the influence of two ural sources.
- nd contrast artistic/creative processes and organizational two or more art forms from given historical periods.
- pare, and contrast the artistic/creative processes ational principles of two or more art forms.
- s in which the principles and subject matter of various utside the arts interrelated with those of music.
- assify, and analyze aural examples of a varied repertoire of music, diverse genres and cultures, by describing the uses of elements of music and expressive devices.

Curriculum Examples

Performing Ensemble: High School Band

HS Band Curriculum Template Sample

Process Component 4: Rehearse, Evaluate, and R others.	efine – Evaluate and refine	personal and ensemble pe	rformances, individually or in collaboration with
Enduring Understanding: To express their musical		THE STANDARD DESIGNATION AND SOME INTERPRETATION OF THE STANDARD DESIGNATION OF THE STANDARD STANDARD OF THE STANDARD ST	v do musicians improve the quality of their
evaluate, and refine their performance over time t		performance?	
ideas, persistence, and the application of appropri			
Learning Targets	Essential Skills & Knowled	ge	Assessment
Pr.4.P Develop strategies to address expressive challenges in a varied repertoire of music, and evaluate their success using feedback from ensemble peers and other sources to refine performances.	pp, p, mf, f, ff, expressive sh Skills: Ability to: Rehearse in small ensemb Evaluate a performance by exemplary models. Apply an ever increasingly	being performed. ing techniques that rmance. ato, legato, tenuto, vibrato, son, harmony, phrase, climax, nape. les with one student on a part. y comparing it to similar or	 Using the assigned practice log, the student will: Cite specific area in the music on which they rehearse clearly explaining of how the musical elements present (pitch, rhythm, harmony, dynamics, timbre, texture, form and style/articulation) and/or organizational principles (unity and variety or repetition and contrast) are had bee improved upon in their rehearsal. Explain how the stylistic features in the sections define the expressive value for an enhanced musical performance.

Standard 2: Performing – Realizing artistic ideas and work through interpretation and presentation. Ensembles

Process Component Pr.4: Rehearse, Evaluate and Refine - Evaluate and refine personal and ensemble performances, individually or in collaboration with others.

Enduring Understanding: To express their musical ideas, musicians analyze, evaluate, and refine their performance over time through openness to new ideas,

persistence, and the application of appropriate criteria.

Essential Question: How do musicians improve the quality of their performance?

Perfo	rmance Indicators – Bold italics represent what is new beyond the earlier level	Instructional Learning Opportunities	
Profic Accor	ememble in addition to general music. mediate — Middle level or an equivalent to 4 years of study in an ensemble in addition to general music. cient — Five or more years of study in addition to general music. mplished — Proficiency exceeding average performance proficiency for high school study. mced — Preparing for collegiate study in music. Pr.4.N Use self-reflection and peer feedback to refine individual and ensemble performances of a varied repertoire of music. Pr.4.l Develop strategies to address technical challenges in a varied	 The Student Will: Rehearse in small ensembles with one student on a part. Evaluate a performance by comparing it to similar or exemplary models. Apply an ever increasingly complex set of criteria for making informed critical evaluations regarding personal participation in music. Create and implement effective rehearsal planning techniques that enhance ensemble performance.	•
Intermediate	repertoire of music and evaluate their success using feedback from ensemble peers and other sources to refine performances.		
Proficient	Pr.4.P Develop strategies to address expressive challenges in a varied repertoire of music, and evaluate their success using feedback from ensemble peers and other sources to refine performances.		
Accomplished	Pr.4.Ac Develop and apply appropriate rehearsal strategies to address individual and ensemble challenges in a varied repertoire of music, and evaluate their success.		
-	Pr.4.Ad Develop, apply, and <i>refine</i> appropriate rehearsal strategies to		

Learning

Targets

Essential Skills & Knowledge

School Program Designed Curriculum and Student Learning Assessments

address individual and ensemble challenges in a varied repertoire of music.

One More Thought About Connecting...

		Process Component 1: - Synthesize - Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art.		
		Essential Question : How do musicians make meaningful connections to creating, performing, and responding?		
Indicators/Objectives	Essential Knowledge and Skills	Teaching Techniques and Strategies	Assessment & Resources	
The Student Will: Demonstrate how interests, knowledge, and skills relate to personal choices and intent when creating, performing, and responding to music.	The Student Will:	The Teacher Will:		
	Vocabulary			

Writing Curriculum: Other Things to Remember

Enduring Understandings & Essential Questions

 If you lose you way – refer back to these....they will remind you of the big picture and direction

Process Components

- These also provide intent and direction in relation to the Standard
- Discuss and clarify with your group (i.e. analyze vs interpret)

Vocabulary, Assessment, Instructional Strategies

Prior to beginning:

Agree upon a process for saving draft documents.

Curriculum Writing is a Process

Be sure to include all stakeholders in providing initial input and periodic feedback.



Wrapping It Up...

Questions?

What additional training/support would be helpful?



